TILTABLE SEATING APPARATUS FOR WHEELCHAIR

This application claims priority to provisional application S/N 60/422,187, filed October 28, 2002, provisional by reference; to incorporated herein application S/N 60/442,233, filed January 22, 2003, incorporated herein by reference; and to provisional 2003, 8, 60/468,871, filed May S/N application incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to wheelchairs. More particularly, the present invention relates to seating apparatus for wheelchairs that provide tilting of the seating in relation to the wheelchair while maintaining the center of gravity of the wheelchair and the positioning of the occupant relative to the seating.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Wheelchairs and other mobility devices provide disabled persons with equipment to be mobile and to increase opportunities for these persons to participate

A CMD 588287 v1 2170780-000015 10/27/2003

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more fully in daily activities. Typical wheelchairs provide a chassis with wheels and include a cushioned seat and back seating system. The wheelchairs may be powered or self-propelled by pushing on the wheels.

Persons requiring this equipment often are seated in wheelchairs for long periods of time. Extended seating in a single position however leads to muscle fatigue. To provide relief from seating pressures of the body on the seating cushions, the positioning of the individual in the seat is changed to provide pressure relief and reduce fatigue. A fatigued person in a wheelchair tends to slump. This leads to bad posture. Fatigue and bad posture can lead to physical problems such as poor blood circulation, skeletal difficulties, and pressure sores.

15 To address this problem, mobility devices were provided with seating systems that could be tilted or repositioned relative to the mobility base in order to change the position of the body relative to the seat.

This re-positioning changes the contact area of the body to the seating surface and tends to reduce the pressure problems and fatigue problems noted above.

Traditional wheelchairs with adjustable tilt of seating required a long wheel base. This is because the mobility devices had to accommodate a rear fulcrum against which the seat would rotate. The long wheel base

prevents the chair from tipping. While such wheelchairs provide tilting of seating relative to the chair, there are drawbacks to the use. In particular, the chair tends to be significantly heavier than a wheelchair which does not have seating which is tiltable. The wheelchair is typically larger. This makes the wheelchair more difficult to transport. The longer wheel base increases the turning radius which complicates maneuvering the wheelchair inside buildings.

Accordingly, there is a need in the art for an improved seating system for wheelchairs providing tilting of the seating relative to the wheelchair while maintaining the center of gravity and positioning relative to the seating. It is to such that the present invention is directed.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENITON

The present invention meets the needs the industry by providing a tiltable seating frame selectively positioning seating in a wheelchair, comprising a seat platform having opposing sides that each extends to an arcuate distal edge and each side defines an arucate slot parallel to the distal edge. base having opposing sides connects to a chassis of a wheelchair. Opposing pairs of front and rear rollers

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attach in spaced-apart relation to the sides of the base, so that the front and rear rollers on each side receive the distal edge of the respective side of the seat One of a pair of opposing guide rollers attaches intermediate and vertically spaced relative to the respective front and rear rollers. The guide rollers extend through the arcuate slot of the respective The seat platform moves to a selected angled position relative to the base guided by the guide rollers moving in the arcuate slots and the distal traveling on the front and rear rollers.

Features, objects, and advantages of the present invention will be apparent upon reading the following detailed description in conjunction with reference to the appended drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- Fig. 1 illustrates in perspective exploded view a seating apparatus according to the present invention.
- Fig. 2 illustrates a plan view of a sheet of material for forming the seat platform for the seating apparatus illustrated in Fig. 1.
 - Fig. 3 illustrates a plan view of a sheet of material for forming the base for the seating apparatus illustrated in Fig. 1.

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- Fig. 4 illustrates a plan view of a sheet of material for forming the back platform for the seating apparatus illustrated in Fig. 1.
- Fig. 5 illustrates a rear perspective view of wheelchair to show details of a position locking device used to selectively tilt the seating apparatus shown in Fig. 1 relative to the wheelchair chassis.
- Fig. 6 illustrates a perspective exploded and partially cut-away view of a second embodiment of the seating apparatus according to the present invention.
 - Fig. 7 illustrates a perspective partially cut away view of a pivot support for the position locking device used with the present invention.
- Fig. 8 illustrates in perspective exploded view a third embodiment of the seating apparatus according to the present invention.
 - Fig. 9 illustrates a rear perspective view of the seating apparatus illustrated in Fig. 1 to show details of a position locking device that selectively tilts the seating apparatus relative to a wheelchair chassis.
 - Fig. 10 is a front elevational view of the seat platform with an embodiment of the rollers exploded away.
 - Fig. 11 is a side elevational view of the seat platform.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring now in more detail to the drawings, in which like numerals indicate like parts throughout the several views, Fig. 1 illustrates in perspective exploded view a seating apparatus 10 according to the present invention. The seating apparatus 10 includes a platform 12 connected to a base 14 and a back platform 16 pivotally connected to a rear portion of the Opposing sides 18 extend from the seat platform. The opposing sides 18 each define an 10 platform 12. arcuate distal edge 20 and an arcuate slot 22. arcuate slot 22 is spaced-apart and parallel to the distal edge 20. Opposing ears 24 project from a back portion of the seat platform 12. Each ear 24 defines a pivot opening 26 and a pivot slot 28. The pivot slot 28 15 is arcuate.

The seat platform 12 defines at least one pair of spaced-apart slots 30 that extend longitudinally from the back portion of the seat to a forward portion. The illustrated embodiment has three pairs of the slots 30a, 30b, and 30c. These slots provide for receiving fasteners to secure a seat cushion to the seat platform 12 and to secure lateral pads, supports, or arm rests. The seat platform 12 defines an additional pair of slots 32 disposed centrally and extending from the front

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portion to a central portion. The slots 32 terminate spaced from a central opening 34 defined in the bottom Opposing pairs of openings 33 are defined seat 12. spaced from the slots 32 in the back portion of the seat platform 12. The slots 32 and the openings 33 provide holes for receiving fasteners to secure accessory devices, such as pads having L-shaped positioning hardware, to the seat platform 12.

The back platform 16 pivotally connects to the seat 10 platform 12. Pivot tabs 40 extend rearwardly on opposing sides of the back platform 16. The pivot tabs 40 each define spaced-apart openings 42, 43 that receive fasteners 44, 45 to connect the back platform 16 and the seat platform 12. The fastener 44 extends through the opening 42 and the aligned pivot opening 26 while the 15 fastener 45 extends through the opening 43 The fasteners 44, 45 guide the aligned arcuate slot 28. pivoting of the back platform 16 relative to the seat platform 12. A lever-actuated cam-type locking nut can 20 be used rather than a conventional nut on the fastener 44 to facilitate securing the back platform 16 in a selected angled position.

The back platform 16 also defines at least one pair of spaced-apart elongate slots 48a, 48b (four pairs of slots are illustrated.) The slots 48 receive fasteners

for securing a cushioned pad to the back platform 16 as well as lateral positioning pads with L-shaped members.

Fig. 1 illustrates cushioned pads 50, 51 exploded from the seat platform 12 and the back platform 16. The cushioned pads 50, 51 each comprise a base 52, foam padding 54, and upholstery 56. The cushioned pads 50, 51 rigidly connect to the respective seat platform 12 and the back platform 16 with a plurality of threaded fasteners (not illustrated) that extend through the slots 30 in the seat platform 12 and the slots 48 in the back platform 16.

Fig. 1 illustrates the base 14 exploded away from the seat platform 12. The base 14 includes opposing sides 70. Each side 70 includes front and back rollers 72, 74 and a travel guide roller 76 mounted intermediate 15 and vertically spaced from the front and back rollers. The rollers 72, 74, and 76 extend inwardly towards the opposing side 70. Each roller 72, 74, and 76 defines a longitudinal bore which receives a threaded central 20 fastener to secure the roller to the seat platform and to be an axle about which the roller rotates. Each roller 72, 74, and 76 has a first diameter portion and a lateral second diameter portion. The rollers 72, 74, and 76 are T-shaped in profile. The rollers are machined from 25 acetal other material having a or low friction

characteristic. The front and back rollers 72, 74 receive the edge 20 of the sides 18 extending from the seat platform 12. The guide roller 76 extends through the pivot slot 28. The respective distal edge 20 of the sides 18 travel on the first diameter portion of the rollers 72, 74. The interior edges of the slot 22 travel on the first diameter portion of the roller 76. The second diameter portions of the rollers 72, 74, and 76 lateral guide, to maintain the sides provide a 18 tracking on the rollers 72, 74, and 76.

The base 14 further defines opposing openings 78 (in the illustrated embodiment the openings are elongate slots) which receive fasteners to connect seat columns 80 to the lower surface of the seat platform. My US Pat. No. 15 5,884,928 describes seat columns and a frame column for detachably connecting seating apparatus to a chassis of a wheelchair. Other connecting members of types readily apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art can be used to connect the seat platform to wheelchair chassis.

- Fig. 2 illustrates a plan view of a sheet 90 of foldable rigid material, such as a steel or aluminum plate for forming the seat platform 12 for the seating apparatus 10 illustrated in Fig. 1. The illustrated sheet 90 is symmetrical about a longitudinal axis 92.
- 25 The sheet 90 folds along opposing side lines 94 extending

between a front notch 96 and a back slot 98 to extend the sides substantially perpendicularly from the sheet. The slot 98 defines the ear 24.

Fig. 3 illustrates a plan view of a sheet 100 of 5 foldable rigid material for forming the base 14 for the seating apparatus 10 illustrated in Fig. 1. The opposing sides 70 extend vertically from the sheet 100 along fold lines. In an alternate embodiment, the opposing sides 70 are flat stock welded to opposing sides of a flat stock 10 sheet. The base 14 is substantially U-shaped in front plan view. The sheet 100 defines openings 102, 104, and 106 for receiving the fasteners to connect the rollers 72, 74, and 76.

Fig. 4 illustrates a plan view of a sheet 120 of foldable rigid material for forming the back platform 16 for the seating apparatus 10 illustrated in Fig. 1. The opposing pivot tabs 40 fold on lines 121 to extend rearwardly from the sheet 120. In the illustrated embodiment, the opening 42 is an elongate slot while the opening 43 defines a slot spaced from the opening 42 and having an linear portion 122 and an arcuate portion 123.

When the back platform 16 is in use for seating, the fasteners 44, 45 extend through the openings 42, 43 at the vertically upper extents of the elongate slots.

25 Fastener 44 tightened locks the back platform while the

fastener 45 pins the back and seat platforms together. folded over back platform 16 however can be substantially parallel to the seat platform 12. This is accomplished by loosening the fastener 44 and pulling upwardly on the back platform 16. When the bottom extents of the slots 42, 43, reach the fasteners 44, 45, the back platform 16 then pivots forwardly with the fastener 45 traveling in the arcuate portion 123 of the opening 43 and pivoting about the opening 42. platform 16 then may be secured in its forwardly folded position, such as with a strap (not illustrated). The seating assembly 10 with the seat columns 80 may then be detached from engagement with the wheelchair chassis for placing in a motor vehicle, in another device having a receiver for connecting with the seat columns 80 or in another mounting mechanism that connects to the seating platform 14.

Fig. 5 illustrates a rear perspective view of wheelchair 140 to show details of a position locking device 142 used to hold the seating apparatus 10 in a selected tilted position relative to the wheelchair chassis 144. The wheelchair 140 is constructed according to the teachings of my US Pat. No. 5,884,928, but the seating apparatus 10 of the present invention readily mounts to conventional tube-type wheelchairs with an

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adapter bracket. In the illustrated embodiment, the wheelchair 140 has stroller wheels 146 on opposing sides that connect with axles to axle mounts 148 attached with fasteners to a back portion 150 of the chassis 144. Castor wheels 152 connect to end portions of the forward extending arms of the chassis 144. Fasteners 154 connect the base 14 to the seat columns 80. The seat columns 80 are received in a tubular frame column 156 that connect between an upper portion and a lower portion of the 10 The seat platform 12 and the base 14 chassis 144. connect together with the lower edges 20 of the sides 18 received on the rollers 72, 74. The rollers 76 insert through the respective slots 22 and fasten to the sides 70 of the seat platform.

15 A mount 160 connects with fasteners to a back portion of the seat platform 12 with fasteners passing through openings. A second mount 162 connects with fasteners to the back portion of the base 14. A pivotal connector 164 is held in the mount 160 and connects to a 20 first end of a rod 166 extending from the position locking device 142. The rod 166 passes through a pivot axle 168 connected to the second mount 162. The position locking device 142 is a MECHLOK mechanical linear locking device available from P.L. Porter Controls of Woodland 25 Hills, California. A cable 169 connects to the locking

device 142 and connects at a distal end to a grip-lever 170 mounted to an upper end of a wheelchair push handle 172.

With reference to Figs. 1 and 5, in the operation of the seating apparatus 10, the lever 170 is pulled to 5 release the locking device 142 from engagement with the The cable 169 actuates the locking device 142 rod 166. to release the rod 166 from engagement. The seating assembly 10 then moves to a selected tilting relative to the wheelchair. This is accomplished by moving the seat 10 platform 12 relative to the base 14. As the seat moves, the arcuate edges 20 ride in the platform 12 rollers 72, 74 and the rollers 76 move in the arcuate slots 22 to guide the movement to a selected angle tilt. The pivot connectors 164 and 168 rotate as the rod 166 15 moves longitudinally through the locking device 142 and thereby changes the angle of the rod 166 relative to the seat platform 12. Upon reaching a selected position for the seat platform 12 and the back platform 16, The locking device 142 locking lever 170 is released. 20 engages the rod 166 and holds the seating apparatus 10 in the selected tilted position.

With reference to Fig. 1, the back platform 16 is selectively positionable at an angle relative to the seat platform 12. This is accomplished by releasing the

fasteners 44, 45 and pivoting the back platform 16. A bushing disposed between the ear 24 and the pivot tab 40 facilitates relative travel of the back platform 16 and the seat platform 12. The fastener 45 travels in the arcuate slot 28 about the pivot opening 26 secured by the fastener 44. The fasteners 44, 45 are tightened to secure the back platform 16 in the selected position. In an alternate embodiment, the fastener 44 is a pin that extends through the aligned openings 26 and 42. The fastener 45 is a cam-type locking lever.

Fig. 6 illustrates a second embodiment 200 of the seating apparatus 10 according to the present invention. The embodiment 200 uses two of the position locking devices 142 illustrated in Fig. 5. The position locking devices 142a, 142b mount in spaced-apart relation between 15 the base 14 and the seat platform 12. The position locking devices 142a, 142b connect to a pivot support 202at a forward edge of the base 14 and at respective pivot supports 204, 206 (illustrated in cut-away view) attached at rearward portions of the seat platform 12. 20 The pivot support 204 attaches at a rearward edge of the seat platform 12, while the pivot support 206 mounts to a lateral portion of the seat platform 12 intermediate the rearward and forward edges of the seat platform. manner, the arms 166 of the respective position locking 25

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devices 142a, 142b are disposed at differing angles relative to the base 14. This provides a triangulation of the position locking devices relative to the seat platform 12 and the base 14 with the members 166a, 166b extending between spaced-apart pivot supports 202 and 204, 206. The pair of position locking devices 142a, 142b facilitate smoother movement of the seating assembly 10 relative to the base 14 upon release of the position locking devices using the grip levers 170. The cables 169a, 169b pass rearwardly in a gap between the base 14and the seat platform 12 and extend upwardly respective upright portions of the push handles 172 to grip-levers 170. The grip levers 170 mount to the upper ends of the push handles 172 as illustrated in Fig. 5.

Fig. 7 is a cut-away detailed illustration of the pivot support 202. The pivot support 202 comprises an extrusion that defines a substantially cylindrical portion 208 illustrated in cut-away view with a pair of spaced-apart flange members 210, 212 extending laterally.

Aligned openings 214 in the flanges 210, 212 receive

bolts (not illustrated). The bolts secure the pivot support 202 to the base 14. The bolts also function to tighten the flanges together and thereby reduce the diameter of the cylindrical portion 208 slightly for a

25 purpose discussed below.

The cylindrical portion 208 receives a bolt 220 that extends longitudinally through the cylindrical portion. The bolt 220 receives a spacer 222 sandwiched between a pair of washers 224. A pivot member 225 of the position locking device 142a is received on the bolt 220. A second set of the spacer 222 sandwiched by the washers 224 is received on the bolt 220. The pivot member 225 of the second position locking device 142b is received on the bolt. A third set of the spacer 222 and washers 224 is received on the bolt 220. A nut 230 received on the bolt 220 secures the assembly.

The pivot support 202 mounts to the base 14 at a The fasteners extend through the openings 214 and the base 14 and are secured with lock nuts. 15 Securing the fasteners causes the substantially cylindrical portion 208 to close together, and the side walls thereof bear on the outer surface of the spacers This secures the bolt 220 and the assembly within 222. the pivot support 202. The pivot members 225 of the position locking devices 142a, 142b are independently 20 pivotable on the bolt 220 as the seat assembly 10 moves relative to the base 14.

The pivot supports 204, 206 are similarly assembled and used, with a second pivot member of the position locking devices 142a, 142b received on the bolt in the

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respective pivot support 204, 206. The pivot supports 204, 206 each include a bolt and two sets of the spacer and washers sandwiching the respective second pivot member and secured with a nut. The pivot supports 204, 206 attach to the seat platform 12 in spaced-apart relation. This defines differing angles for the rods 166a, 166b of the position locking devices 142a, 142b extending between the pivot supports 204, 206 and the pivot support 202.

- 10 Fig. 8 illustrates in perspective exploded view a third embodiment 250 of the seating apparatus according to the present invention. In this embodiment, the seat platform 12 defines a slot 252 extending from a rearward edge 254 inwardly to an opening 256. A pair of spaced15 apart slots 258 extend longitudinally from a portion of the seat platform 12 near a forward edge of the opening 256 towards a front edge 260. Fasteners extend through the slots 258 and secure the mount 160 intermediate the opening 256 and the front edge 260.
- A transverse mount bar 281 extends between rearward portions 282 of the opposing sides 18 rearwardly of the back platform 16. In the illustrated embodiment, a ventilator 284, such as a PULMONETIC LTV950 available from Pulmonetic Systems, Minneapolis, Minnesota,

pivotally connects by a pivot member 286 to the transverse mount bar 281.

The seat base 14 defines a notch 290 in a rearward edge portion. The mount 162 connects with fasteners to a 5 surface of the seat base 14 opposing the seat platform 12. The mount 162 is disposed rearwardly of the mount 160 on the seat platform 12. The position locking device 142 connects to the mount 162. The rod 166 connects at a distal free end to the mount 160 on the seating platform 10 12. A notch (not illustrated) may be required in the portion of the seat base 14 that defines the forward edge of the notch 290, for allowing passage of the rod 166. The connection of the rod 166 to the mounts 160 and 162 interlinks the seat platform 12 with the seat base 14. 15 In addition, in this embodiment, the rollers 72, 74, and 76 are disposed extending laterally from the opposing sides 70 of the seat base 14. The distal edges 20 of the opposing sides 18 of the seat platform 14 ride on the rollers 72 and 74, while the roller 76 extends through 20 the arcuate slot 22. In this embodiment, the seat base 14 is narrower than the seat platform 12, whereby the sides 18 are disposed outwardly of the sides 70 of the seat base 14.

Fig. 9 illustrates a rear perspective view of the 25 third embodiment 250 of the seating apparatus to show

features of seat platform 12 and the seat base 14 that allow the rod 166 of the position locking device 142 to pivot without obstruction by the seat platform and the back platform as the seating assembly tilts to a selected position with the guide edge 20 and edges of the slot 22 traveling on the rollers 72, 74, and 76. These features include the slot 252 and the opening 256 in the seating platform 12 and the notch 290 in the seat base 14. The seat platform 12 selectively tilts relative to the seat base 14 as the edge 20 and the edges in the slot 22 travel on the rollers and thus positions relative to a wheelchair chassis or other device to which the seat base 14 connects.

As the seat platform 12 moves relative to the seat 15 base 14 or as the seat back 16 pivots relative to the seat platform 12, the ventilator 284 attached to the back platform 16 pivots relative to the transverse mount bar 281. The ventilator 284 is disposed conveniently relative to the seating for the user of the seating apparatus of the present invention.

Fig. 10 is a front elevational view of the seat base 14 with a travel guide roller 272 exploded from the sidewall 70 of the seat base 12. Such a guide roller 272 is used for the rollers 72 and 74. The roller 76 can be a cylindrical roller. The guide roller 272 includes two

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spaced-apart radially extending flanges 274, 276 which define a recessed gap 278. The flanges 274, 276 are offset relative to respective distal ends 280, 282 of the roller 272. The first end portion 280 extends from the flange 274 a first distance while the second end portion 282 extends from the flange 276 a second distance. difference in the extended portion allows the roller 272 to be positioned in a first position relative to the side wall 70 or flipped over and oriented in a second position relative to the sidewall. This accommodates the fitting receiving of the arcuate edges 20 in the rollers during operation. (Variation occurs because the bending of the side 18 of the seat platform 12 is not perfectly normal.)

roller 272 defines a bore through which a 15 threaded fastener 284 extends. The threaded fastener 284 non-threaded portion on which the roller A threaded end connects to a nut 286 to secure the threaded fastener 284 to the side 70. One or more washer shims 288 can be received on the fastener 284 to 20 facilitate lateral positioning of the roller 272 alignment with the arcuate edge 20 of the side 18. addition, the roller 272 may be sized to leave a travel gap between the head of the fastener and the sidewall 70, to allow for lateral movement of the roller as the seat 25 platform 12 moves relative to the seat base 14.

front rollers 72, 74 control twisting of the seat platform while roller 76 guides travel.

Fig. 11 is a side elevational view of the seat base The side 70 defines openings 292, 294 through which the threaded fasteners for the front and rear rollers 72, 74 extend. The openings 292, 294 are round for receiving the threaded fastener. The side 70 defines an opening 296 for the roller 76. The opening 296 can be oblong or ovalish or somewhat eliptical, with a longer axis 10 oriented vertically relative to a ground over which a wheelchair would pass. This is accomplished by milling a opening slightly in round the opposing vertical directions. The slightly extended opening facilitates positioning of the guide roller 76 after 15 seating the arcuate edge 20 on the front and rear rollers 72, 74. The opening 296 gives some flexibility in positioning the roller 76, so that the seat platform 12 travels smoothly relative to the base 14. is accomplished by mounting the roller 76 to push downwardly 20 on the lower edge of the slot 22 to keep the edge 20 engaged to the front and rear rollers 72, 74. embodiment (shown in Fig. 11) further includes two laterally spaced openings 298, similarly milled to be slightly elongated in a vertical direction. Additional rollers mount with fastening members to the openings 298. 25

These rollers can be mounted to bear force upwardly on the upper edge of the slot 22, or downwardly, to facilitate smoother sliding contact of the lower edge 20 with the front and rear rollers 72, 74 as the seat platform 12 moves relative to the seat base 14.

The present invention accordingly provides seating apparatus for wheelchairs with selective tilting of the seat platform and the back platform in relation to the wheelchair while maintaining the center of gravity of the wheelchair and the positioning of the occupant relative 10 to the seating. The principles, preferred embodiments, and modes of operation of the present invention have been described in the foregoing specification. The invention is not to be construed as limited to the particular forms 15 disclosed because these are regarded as illustrative rather than restrictive. Moreover, variations changes may be made by those skilled in the art without departure from the spirit of the invention as described by the following claims.